| STATE | STATE PROJECT REFERENCE NO. | SHEET NO. | TOTAL SHEETS |
|-------|-----------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
| N.C. | 17BP.8.R.133 | 1 | 14 |

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

STRUCTURE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

COUNTY MONTGOMERY

PROJECT DESCRIPTION REPLACE BRIDGE NO. 610123 ON -L- (SR 1340 /OKEEWEMEE RD) OVER WEST FORK LITTLE RIVER

CONTENTS

SHEET NO. **DESCRIPTION** TITLE SHEET 2. 2A LEGEND (SOIL & ROCK) SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND (GSI) 2B, 2C 3 SITE PLAN 4-11 BORE LOGS AND CORE PHOTOGRAPHS

A. RODRIGUEZ T. MILLER INVESTIGATED BY _S&ME, INC. DRAWN BY C. CHANDLER CHECKED BY K. HILL SUBMITTED BY _L. CAMPOS DATE APRIL 2019

PERSONNEL



9751 SOUTHERN PINE BLVD CHARLOTTE, NC 28273 (704) 523-4726



| | 345 |
|------------------------------|-----------|
| DocuSigned by: | |
| Luis Campos | 4/30/2019 |
| 72275FD8BA38437 SIGNATURE | DATE |

DOCUMENT NOT CONSIDERED FINAL UNLESS ALL SIGNATURES COMPLETED

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CAUTION NOTICE

THE SUBSURFACE INFORMATION AND THE SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION ON WHICH IT IS BASED WERE MADE FOR THE PURPOSE OF STUDY, PLANNING AND DESIGN, AND NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION OR PAY PURPOSES. THE VARIOUS FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA AVAILABLE MAY BE REVIEWED OR INSPECTED IN RALEIGH BY CONTACTING THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION, GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT AT (99) 707-6850. THE SUBSURFACE PLANS AND REPORTS, FIELD BORING LOGS, ROCK CORES AND SOIL TEST DATA ARE NOT PART OF THE CONTRACT.

CENERAL SOIL AND ROCK STRATA DESCRIPTIONS AND INDICATED BOUNDARIES ARE BASED ON A GEOTECHNICAL INTERPRETATION OF ALL AVAILABLE SUBSURFACE DATA AND MAY NOT NECESSARILY REFLECT THE ACTUAL SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS BETWEEN BORINGS OR BETWEEN SAMPLED STRATA WITHIN THE BOREHOLE. THE LABORATORY SAMPLE DATA AND THE IN SITU (INP-PLACE) TEST DATA CAN BE RELIED ON ONLY TO THE DEGREE OF RELIABILITY INHERENT IN THE STANDARD TEST METHOL THE OBSERVED WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS INDICATED IN THE SUBSURFACE OF INVESTIGATIONS ARE AS RECORDED AT THE TIME OF THE INVESTIGATION, THESE WATER LEVELS OR SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS MAY VARY CONSIDERABLY WITH TIME ACCORDING TO CLIMATIC CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEMPERATURES, PRECIPITATION AND WIND, AS WELL AS OTHER NON-CLIMATIC FACTORS.

NOTES:

I. THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS NOT IMPLIED OR GUARANTEED BY THE N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AS ACCURATE NOR IS IT CONSIDERED PART OF THE PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS OR CONTRACT FOR THE PROJECT.

BY HAVING REQUESTED THIS INFORMATION, THE CONTRACTOR SPECIFICALLY WAIVES ANY CLAIMS FOR INCREASED COMPENSATION OR EXTENSION OF TIME BASED ON DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE CONDITIONS INDICATED HEREIN AND THE ACTUAL CONDITIONS AT THE PROJECT SITE.

| PROJECT REFERENCE NO. | SHEET NO. |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| 17BP.8.R.133 | 2 |

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS (PAGE 1 OF 2)

| | | | | | | | | | | | (PA | 4GE | l OF 2) | | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | SO | OIL [| DESC | RIPT | ION | | | | | GRADATION | | | | | | | |
| BE PENE ACCORD IS I CONSISTI | TRATED WI ING TO TH BASED ON ENCY,COLO | TH A C E STAN THE AA IR, TEXT | ONTINUO DARD PE SHTO SY URE, MOI | JS FLI NETRAT STEM. STURE, | OHT PO TON TE BASIC AASHT(| WER AL ST (AA DESCRI) CLAS: | GER AN SHTO T PTIONS SIFICAT | D YIE 206, GENEI ION, A | LD LESS ASTM D RALLY I ND OTHE | EARTH MAT 5 THAN 100 1586), SOIL NCLUDE TH R PERTINE |) BLOWS PE . CLASSIFION E FOLLOWIN NT FACTOR | ER FOOT CATION NG: RS SUCH | WELL GRADED - INDICATES A GOOD REPRESENTATION OF PARTICLE SIZES FROM FINE TO COARSE. UNIFORMLY GRADED - INDICATES THAT SOIL PARTICLES ARE ALL APPROXIMATELY THE SAME SIZE. GAP-GRADED - INDICATES A MIXTURE OF UNIFORM PARTICLE SIZES OF TWO OR MORE SIZES. ANGULARITY OF CRAINS | | | | | | | |
| AS MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION, ANGULARITY, STRUCTURE, PLASTICITY, ETC. FOR EXAMPLE, VERY STIFF, GRAY, SULTY CLAY, MOIST WITH INTERFEDDED FINE SAMD LAVERS, HIGHLY PLASTIC, A-7-6 SOIL LEGEND AND AASHTO CLASSIFICATION | | | | | | | | SANI | LAYERS | HIGHLY PLA | THE ANGULARITY OR ROUNDNESS OF SOIL GRAINS IS DESIGNATED BY THE TERMS: ANGULAR, SUBANGULAR, SUBROUNDED, OR ROUNDED. | | | | | | | | | |
| GENERAL | | | LEGE | | AND | | TTO LT-CLAY | | | | | | MINERALOGICAL COMPOSITION | | | | | | | |
| CLASS. | | | PASSING | | | | 35% PA | _ | _ | | GANIC MATERI | IALS | MINERAL NAMES SUCH AS QUARTZ, FELDSPAR, MICA, TALC, KAOLIN, ETC. ARE USED IN DESCRIPTIONS WHEN THEY ARE CONSIDERED OF SIGNIFICANCE. | | | | | | | |
| GROUP CLASS. | A-1-a A-1-I | | A-2-4 A | A-2 -2-5 A- | | | A-5 | A-6 | A-7-5 A-7-6 | A-1, A-2 A-3 | A-4, A-5 A-6, A-7 | | COMPRESSIBILITY | | | | | | | |
| SYMBOL | | | | 7 | | | 7.7. | | | | | | SLIGHTLY COMPRESSIBLE LL < 31 MODERATELY COMPRESSIBLE LL = 31 - 50 | | | | | | | |
| % PASSING #10 | 50 MX | | | | | | | | | GRANULAR | SILT- | MUCK, | HIGHLY COMPRESSIBLE LL > 50 PERCENTAGE OF MATERIAL | | | | | | | |
| * 40 | 30 MX 50 M 15 MX 25 M | | 35 MX 3 | 5 MY 25 | MY 35 | MX 36 M | N 36 MH | 1 36 MI | 1 36 MN | SOILS | CLAY SOILS | PEAT | GRANULAR SILT - CLAY | | | | | | | |
| MATERIAL | 15 114 25 11 | | 33 TIN 3 |) III 33 | 11A 33 | 30 11 | 30 1 | 30 11 | 30 111 | | | | TRACE OF ORGANIC MATTER 2 - 3% 3 - 5% TRACE 1 - 10% | | | | | | | |
| PASSING *40 LL | _ | - | 40 MX 4 | | | | | | | | WITH E OR | | LITTLE ORGANIC MATTER 3 - 5% 5 - 12% LITTLE 10 - 20% MODERATELY ORGANIC 5 - 10% 12 - 20% SOME 20 - 35% HIGHLY ORGANIC > 10% > 20% HIGHLY 35% AND ABOVE | | | | | | | |
| PI GROUP INDEX | 6 MX | NP Ø | 10 MX 10 |) MX 11 | 4 MX | | (12 M) | - | _ | Mode Amoun | | HIGHLY ORGANIC | GROUND WATER | | | | | | | |
| USUAL TYPES OF MAJOR | STONE FRAG | 5. _{FINE} | SIL | Y OR CL | | + | ILTY | | AYEY | ORG | | SOILS | WATER LEVEL IN BORE HOLE IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING | | | | | | | |
| MATERIALS | GRAVEL, AND SAND | SAND | | /EL AND | | 9 | OILS | s | DILS | | | | \blacksquare STATIC WATER LEVEL AFTER 24 HOURS | | | | | | | |
| GEN. RATING AS SUBGRADE | | EXCEL | LENT TO (| 000 | | | FAIR | 10 P00I | . | FAIR TO POOR | POOR | UNSUITABLE | | | | | | | | |
| | | PI OF | | | | | | | | > LL - 30 | | | SPRING OR SEEP | | | | | | | |
| | | Т | | | | | NGE OF | | NESS DARD | RANO | SE OF UNC | ONFINED | MISCELLANEOUS SYMBOLS | | | | | | | |
| PRIMARY : | SOIL TYPE | | COMPACT CONSI | NESS | | PENE | | N RES | STENCE | | RESSIVE S (TONS/FT | TRENGTH | ROADWAY EMBANKMENT (RE) WITH SOIL DESCRIPTION TO FROCK STRUCTURES | | | | | | | |
| GENERA GRANUL | | | | LOOSE | | | | | | | | | SOIL SYMBOL SOIL SYMBOL SLOPE INDI INSTALLAT: | | | | | | | |
| MATERIA (NON-CC | 4L | | MEDIUM DENSE DENSE | | | NSE | | | 10 TO 30 30 TO 50 | | | | ARTIFICIAL FILL (AF) OTHER AUGER BORING CONE PENETROMETER THAN ROADWAY EMBANKMENT AUGER BORING TEST | | | | | | | |
| | VERT | | | | | | | | VERY DENSE VERY SOFT | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GENERA SILT-CL | | | SOFT MEDIUM STIFF | | | | | | | 0.25 TO 0.5 0.5 TO 1.0 | | | TEST BORING | | | | | | | |
| MATERI (COHESI | | | STIFF VERY STIFF | | | 8 TO 15 15 TO 30 | | | | 1 TO 2 2 TO 4 | | WITH CURE WITH CURE PIEZOMETER CPT NEVALUE | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | RD | IRF | OR (| | 30 | 7F | | > 4 | | RECOMMENDATION SYMBOLS | | | | | | | |
| U.S. STD. SI | EVE SIZE | | | 4 | 10 | | ø | 60 | 200 | 270 | | | UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - TOTAL UNCLASSIFIED EXCAVATION - | | | | | | | |
| OPENING (M BOULDE | | OBBLE | 0 | 4.76 RAVEL | 2.00 | O. COA | | 0.25 | 0.075 FINE SAND | | SILT | CLAY | UNDERCUT UNDERC | | | | | | | |
| (BLDR. |) | (COB.) | | (GR.) | | | SD.) | | (F SD | | (SL.) | (CL.) | ABBREVIATIONS | | | | | | | |
| GRAIN MM SIZE IN | | | 75 3 | | 2.0 | | | 0.25 | | 0.05 | 0.005 | i | AR - AUGER REFUSAL MED MEDIUM VST - VANE SHEAR TEST BT - BORING TERMINATED MICA MICACEOUS WEA WEATHERED | | | | | | | |
| | | SOIL | MOIS | TUR | E - | CORF | ELA | TION | I OF | TERMS | | | CL CLAY MOD MODERATELY 7 - UNIT WEIGHT CPT - CONE PENETRATION TEST NP - NON PLASTIC 7 - DRY UNIT WEIGHT | | | | | | | |
| | MOISTURE FERBERG L | | | | ELD M DESCRI | OISTUR PTION | E | GUID | E FOR I | FIELD MOI | STURE DES | SCRIPTION | CSE COARSE ORG ORGANIC DMT - DILATOMETER TEST PMT - PRESSUREMETER TEST SAMPLE ABBREVIATIONS | | | | | | | |
| | | | _ | - | SATURI (SAT. | ATED - | | | | OUID; VERY | | | DPT - DYNAMIC PENETRATION TEST SAP SAPROLITIC S - BULK e - VOID RATIO SD SAND, SANDY SS - SPLIT SPOON F - FINE SL SILT, SILTY ST - SHELBY TUBE | | | | | | | |
| PLASTIC RANGE (PI) | + LIOUI | | | - | WET - | (W) | | | | REQUIRES | |) | FOSS FOSSILIFEROUS SLI SLIGHTLY RS - ROCK FRAC FRACTURED, FRACTURES TCR - TRICONE REFUSAL RT - RECOMPACTED TRIAXIAL FRAGS FRAGMENTS W - MOISTURE CONTENT CBR - CALIFORNIA BEARING HI HIGHLY Y - VERY RATIO | | | | | | | |
| PL L OM | PLAS | | | | MOIST | - (M) | | SOLI | D; AT O | R NEAR OF | TIMUM MO | ISTURE | EQUIPMENT USED ON SUBJECT PROJECT | | | | | | | |
| | SHRIN | | | | | | | | | | | | DRILL UNITS: ADVANCING TOOLS: HAMMER TYPE: CME-45C CLAY BITS X AUTOMATIC MANUAL | | | | | | | |
| | | | | - | DRY - | | | | | ODITIONAL IMUM MOIS | | | X CME-55 CONTINUOUS FLIGHT AUGER CORE SIZE: | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | ASTI | | (DI: | | | ov eteric | | X 8' HOLLOW AUGERS | | | | | | | |
| | PLASTIC | | | | PLAST | 0-5 | | <u>(۲1)</u> | | <u>DF</u> | VERY LOW | | TUNG,-CARBIDE INSERTS | | | | | | | |
| MOE | GHTLY PL ERATELY | PLAST: | IC | | _ | 6-15 16-2 | 5 | | | | SLIGHT MEDIUM | | VANE SHEAR TEST CASING W/ ADVANCER HAND TOOLS: CASING POST HOLE DIGGER | | | | | | | |
| HIG | HLY PLAS | IIL | | | | COLC | | | | | HIGH | | PORTABLE HOIST TRICONE STEEL TEETH HAND AUGER | | | | | | | |
| DECUBIO. | LIUNZ WVZ | י זאריי | IDE COI | JR NP | | | | IS (T/ | N. RFD | YELLOW-B | ROWN. RI III | F-GRAY) | TRICONE | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | ESCRIBE A | | | | | | | | | | |

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION **DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS** GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SOIL AND ROCK LEGEND, TERMS, SYMBOLS, AND ABBREVIATIONS (PAGE 2 OF 2)

| | ROCK DES | | TERMS AND DEFINITIONS | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| HARD ROCK I | IS NON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL THAT W NOTCATES THE LEVEL AT WHICH NON-COAS | OULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED, AN INFERRED STAL PLAIN MATERIAL WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL. | ALLUVIUM (ALLUV.) - SOILS THAT HAVE BEEN TRANSPORTED BY WATER. | | | | |
| SPT REFUSAL | L IS PENETRATION BY A SPLIT SPOON SAF | MPLER EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 | AQUIFER - A WATER BEARING FORMATION OR STRATA. | | | | |
| BLOWS IN NO | ON-COASTAL PLAIN MATERIAL, THE TRAN D BY A ZONE OF WEATHERED ROCK. | NSITION BETWEEN SOIL AND ROCK IS OFTEN | ARENACEOUS - APPLIED TO ROCKS THAT HAVE BEEN DERIVED FROM SAND OR THAT CONTAIN SAND. | | | | |
| | IALS ARE TYPICALLY DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS | S: N MATERIAL THAT WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > | ARGILLACEOUS - APPLIED TO ALL ROCKS OR SUBSTANCES COMPOSED OF CLAY MINERALS, OR HAVING A NOTABLE PROPORTION OF CLAY IN THEIR COMPOSITION, SUCH AS SHALE, SLATE, ETC. | | | | |
| ROCK (WR) | 100 BLOWS PER FOI | | ARTESIAN - GROUND WATER THAT IS UNDER SUFFICIENT PRESSURE TO RISE ABOVE THE LEVEL AT WHICH IT IS ENCOUNTERED, BUT WHICH DOES NOT NECESSARILY RISE TO OR ABOVE THE GROUND | | | | |
| CRYSTALLINE ROCK (CR) | WOULD YIELD SPT I GNEISS, GABBRO, SCH | REFUSAL IF TESTED. ROCK TYPE INCLUDES GRANITE. HIST.ETC. | SURFACE. <u>CALCAREOUS (CALC.)</u> - SOILS THAT CONTAIN APPRECIABLE AMOUNTS OF CALCIUM CARBONATE. | | | | |
| NON-CRYSTAL ROCK (NCR) | SEDIMENTARY ROCK ROCK TYPE INCLUDE | RAIN METAMORPHIC AND NON-COASTAL PLAIN THAT WOULD YEILD SPT REFUSAL IF TESTED. ES PHYLLITE, SLATE, SANDSTONE, ETC. | COLLUVIUM - ROCK FRAGMENTS MIXED WITH SOIL DEPOSITED BY GRAVITY ON SLOPE OR AT BOTTOM OF SLOPE. | | | | |
| COASTAL PLA SEDIMENTARY (CP) | | DIMENTS CEMENTED INTO ROCK, BUT MAY NOT YIELD K TYPE INCLUDES LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, CEMENTED | CORE RECOVERY (REC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF ALL MATERIAL RECOVERED IN THE CORE BARREL DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. | | | | |
| | WEATH | ERING | DIKE - A TABULAR BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK THAT CUTS ACROSS THE STRUCTURE OF ADJACENT ROCKS OR CUTS MASSIVE ROCK. | | | | |
| FRESH | ROCK FRESH, CRYSTALS BRIGHT, FEW JOINT HAMMER IF CRYSTALLINE. | S MAY SHOW SLIGHT STAINING, ROCK RINGS UNDER | DIP - THE ANGLE AT WHICH A STRATUM OR ANY PLANAR FEATURE IS INCLINED FROM THE HORIZONTAL. | | | | |
| VERY SLIGHT (V SLI.) | | SOME JOINTS MAY SHOW THIN CLAY COATINGS IF OPEN, HINE BRIGHTLY. ROCK RINGS UNDER HAMMER BLOWS IF | DIP DIRECTION (DIP AZIMUTH) - THE DIRECTION OR BEARING OF THE HORIZONTAL TRACE OF THE LINE OF DIP, MEASURED CLOCKWISE FROM NORTH, | | | | |
| SLIGHT (SLI.) | ROCK GENERALLY FRESH, JOINTS STAINED A | AND DISCOLORATION EXTENDS INTO ROCK UP TO IN GRANITOID ROCKS SOME OCCASIONAL FELDSPAR | FAULT - A FRACTURE OR FRACTURE ZONE ALONG WHICH THERE HAS BEEN DISPLACEMENT OF THE SIDES RELATIVE TO ONE ANOTHER PARALLEL TO THE FRACTURE. | | | | |
| | CRYSTALS ARE DULL AND DISCOLORED. CRY | YSTALLINE ROCKS RING UNDER HAMMER BLOWS. | FISSILE - A PROPERTY OF SPLITTING ALONG CLOSELY SPACED PARALLEL PLANES. | | | | |
| MODERATE (MOD.) | | ULL AND DISCOLORED, SOME SHOW CLAY. ROCK HAS | FLOAT - ROCK FRAGMENTS ON SURFACE NEAR THEIR ORIGINAL POSITION AND DISLODGED FROM PARENT MATERIAL. | | | | |
| | WITH FRESH ROCK. | HOWS SIGNIFICANT LOSS OF STRENGTH AS COMPARED | FLOOD PLAIN (FP) - LAND BORDERING A STREAM, BUILT OF SEDIMENTS DEPOSITED BY THE STREAM. | | | | |
| MODERATELY | ALL ROCK EXCEPT QUARTZ DISCOLORED OR | STAINED, IN GRANITOID ROCKS, ALL FELDSPARS DULL | FORMATION (FM.) - A MAPPABLE GEOLOGIC UNIT THAT CAN BE RECOGNIZED AND TRACED IN THE | | | | |
| SEVERE | AND DISCOLORED AND A MAJORITY SHOW K | AOLINIZATION. ROCK SHOWS SEVERE LOSS OF STRENGTH | FIELD. | | | | |
| (MOD. SEV.) | AND CAN BE EXCAVATED WITH A GEOLOGIS' IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT REFUSAL | T'S PICK. ROCK GIVES "CLUNK" SOUND WHEN STRUCK. | JOINT - FRACTURE IN ROCK ALONG WHICH NO APPRECIABLE MOVEMENT HAS OCCURRED. | | | | |
| SEVERE | | STAINED, ROCK FABRIC CLEAR AND EVIDENT BUT | LEDGE - A SHELF-LIKE RIDGE OR PROJECTION OF ROCK WHOSE THICKNESS IS SMALL COMPARED TO ITS LATERAL EXTENT. | | | | |
| (SEV.) | REDUCED IN STRENGTH TO STRONG SOIL. I | N GRANITOID ROCKS ALL FELDSPARS ARE KAOLINIZED | LENS - A BODY OF SOIL OR ROCK THAT THINS OUT IN ONE OR MORE DIRECTIONS. | | | | |
| | TO SOME EXTENT. SOME FRAGMENTS OF ST IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES > | 100 BPF | MOTTLED (MOT.) - IRREGULARLY MARKED WITH SPOTS OF DIFFERENT COLORS. MOTTLING IN SOILS USUALLY INDICATES POOR AERATION AND LACK OF GOOD DRAINAGE. | | | | |
| VERY SEVERE | | STAINED. ROCK FABRIC ELEMENTS ARE DISCERNIBLE OIL STATUS, WITH ONLY FRAGMENTS OF STRONG ROCK | PERCHED WATER - WATER MAINTAINED ABOVE THE NORMAL GROUND WATER LEVEL BY THE PRESENCE | | | | |
| (V SEV.) | REMAINING, SAPROLITE IS AN EXAMPLE OF | ROCK WEATHERED TO A DEGREE THAT ONLY MINOR | OF AN INTERVENING IMPERVIOUS STRATUM, | | | | |
| COMPLETE | | IN. IF TESTED, WOULD YIELD SPT N VALUES < 100 BPF DISCERNIBLE, OR DISCERNIBLE ONLY IN SMALL AND | RESIDUAL (RES.) SOIL - SOIL FORMED IN PLACE BY THE WEATHERING OF ROCK. | | | | |
| COMPLETE | | BE PRESENT AS DIKES OR STRINGERS. SAPROLITE IS | ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (ROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL LENGTH OF CORE RUN AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. SAPPOLITE (SAP.) - RESIDUAL SOIL THAT RETAINS THE RELIC STRUCTURE OR FABRIC OF THE PARENT | | | | |
| | ROCK HA | | | | | | |
| VERY HARD | CANNOT BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR SHAR SEVERAL HARD BLOWS OF THE GEOLOGIST'S | P PICK. BREAKING OF HAND SPECIMENS REQUIRES S PICK. | ROCK. SILL - AN INTRUSIVE BODY OF IGNEOUS ROCK OF APPROXIMATELY UNIFORM THICKNESS AND | | | | |
| HARD | CAN BE SCRATCHED BY KNIFE OR PICK ONL TO DETACH HAND SPECIMEN. | LY WITH DIFFICULTY. HARD HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED | RELATIVELY THIN COMPARED WITH ITS LATERAL EXTENT, THAT HAS BEEN EMPLACED PARALLEL TO THE BEDDING OR SCHISTOSITY OF THE INTRUDED ROCKS. | | | | |
| MODERATELY HARD | EXCAVATED BY HARD BLOW OF A GEOLOGIS | BUGES OR GROOVES TO 0.25 INCHES DEEP CAN BE ST'S PICK. HAND SPECIMENS CAN BE DETACHED | SLICKENSIDE - POLISHED AND STRIATED SURFACE THAT RESULTS FROM FRICTION ALONG A FAULT OR SLIP PLANE. | | | | |
| | BY MODERATE BLOWS. | | STANDARD PENETRATION TEST (PENETRATION RESISTANCE) (SPT) - NUMBER OF BLOWS (N OR BPF) OF A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PENETRATION OF 1 FOOT INTO SOIL | | | | |
| MEDIUM HARD | | DEEP BY FIRM PRESSURE OF KNIFE OR PICK POINT. EICES I INCH MAXIMUM SIZE BY HARD BLOWS OF THE | A 140 LB. HAMMER FALLING 30 INCHES REQUIRED TO PRODUCE A PERETRATION OF FOUT INTO SOIL WITH A 2 INCH OUTSIDE DIAMETER SPLIT SPOON SAMPLER. SPT REFUSAL IS PENETRATION EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN 0.1 FOOT PER 60 BLOWS. | | | | |
| SOFT | FROM CHIPS TO SEVERAL INCHES IN SIZE | NIFE OR PICK. CAN BE EXCAVATED IN FRAGMENTS BY MODERATE BLOWS OF A PICK POINT. SMALL, THIN | STRATA CORE RECOVERY (SREC.) - TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA MATERIAL RECOVERED DIVIDED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATUM AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. | | | | |
| VEDV | PIECES CAN BE BROKEN BY FINGER PRESSU | | STRATA ROCK QUALITY DESIGNATION (SROD) - A MEASURE OF ROCK QUALITY DESCRIBED BY TOTAL LENGTH OF ROCK SEGMENTS WITHIN A STRATUM EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 4 INCHES DIVIDED BY | | | | |
| VERY SOFT | | AVATED READILY WITH POINT OF PICK, PIECES 1 INCH Y FINGER PRESSURE, CAN BE SCRATCHED READILY BY | THE TOTAL LENGTH OF STRATA AND EXPRESSED AS A PERCENTAGE. | | | | |
| | FINGERNAIL. | The state of the s | TOPSOIL (TS.) - SURFACE SOILS USUALLY CONTAINING ORGANIC MATTER. | | | | |
| | FRACTURE SPACING | BEDDING | BENCH MARK: BMI BENCHTIE SET IN 15° GUM, STA. 15.+66.66 -L-, 82.76' LT | | | | |
| TERM VERY WID | SPACING MODE THAN 12 FEET | TERM THICKNESS | N 609142, E 1751295 | | | | |
| VERY WID WIDE | E MORE THAN 10 FEET 3 TO 10 FEET | VERY THICKLY BEDDED 4 FEET THICKLY BEDDED 1.5 - 4 FEET | ELEVATION: 470.15 FEET | | | | |
| MODERATE | ELY CLOSE 1 TO 3 FEET | THINLY BEDDED 0.16 - 1.5 FEET | NOTES: | | | | |
| CLOSE VERY CLO | Ø.16 TO 1 FOOT DSE LESS THAN Ø.16 FEET | VERY THINLY BEDDED 0.03 - 0.16 FEET THICKLY LAMINATED 0.008 - 0.03 FEET | FIAD: FILLED IMMEDIATELY AFTER DRILLING | | | | |
| | | THINLY LAMINATED < 0.008 FEET | TIAD. TIELED IMMEDIATEET AFTEN DINEEINO | | | | |
| | INDUR | ATION |] | | | | |
| FOR SEDIMEN | NTARY ROCKS, INDURATION IS THE HARDENI | ING OF MATERIAL BY CEMENTING, HEAT, PRESSURE, ETC. | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

RUBBING WITH FINGER FREES NUMEROUS GRAINS:

DIFFICULT TO BREAK WITH HAMMER.

SAMPLE BREAKS ACROSS GRAINS.

GENTLE BLOW BY HAMMER DISINTEGRATES SAMPLE. GRAINS CAN BE SEPARATED FROM SAMPLE WITH STEEL PROBE; BREAKS EASILY WHEN HIT WITH HAMMER.

SHARP HAMMER BLOWS REQUIRED TO BREAK SAMPLE:

GRAINS ARE DIFFICULT TO SEPARATE WITH STEEL PROBE:

FRIABLE

INDURATED

MODERATELY INDURATED

EXTREMELY INDURATED

DATE: 8-15-14

PROJECT REPERENCE NO. SHEET NO. 2B

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS (PAGE 1 OF 2)

| FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DE AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-1 — Determination of GSI for Jointed | SIGN SPE | CIFICATIO | ONS (PAC | | |
|--|----------|-------------------|---|---|---|
| GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) FOR JOINTED ROCKS (Hoek and Marinos, 2000) From the lithology, structure and surface conditions of the discontinuities, estimate the average value of GSI. Do not try to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than stating that GSI = 35. Note that the table does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where weak planar structural planes are present in an unfavorable orientation with respect to the excavation face, these will dominate the rock mass behaviour. The shear strength of surfaces in rocks that are prone to deterioration as a result of changes in moisture content will be reduced if water is present. When working with rocks in the fair to very poor categories, a shift to the right may be made for wet conditions. Water pressure is dealt with by effective stress analysis. | VERY GOO | S COOD S Surfaces | Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces | POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with compact coatings or fillings or angular fragments | VERY POOR Slickensided, highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings |
| INTACT OR MASSIVE - intact rock specimens or massive in situ rock with few widely spaced discontinuities | 90 | | | N/A | N/A |
| BLOCKY - well interlocked undisturbed rock mass consisting of cubical blocks formed by three intersecting discontinuity sets | | 70 60 | | | |
| VERY BLOCKY - interlocked, partially disturbed mass with multi-faceted angular blocks formed by 4 or more joint sets | | 5 | | | |
| Formed by many storesting | | | 40 | 30 | |
| discontinuity sets. Persistence of bedding planes or schistosity DISINTEGRATED - poorly interlocked, heavily broken rock mass with mixture of angular and rounded rock pieces | | | | 20 | |
| LAMINATED/SHEARED - Lack of blockiness due to close spacing of weak schistosity or shear planes | N/A | N/A | | | 10 |

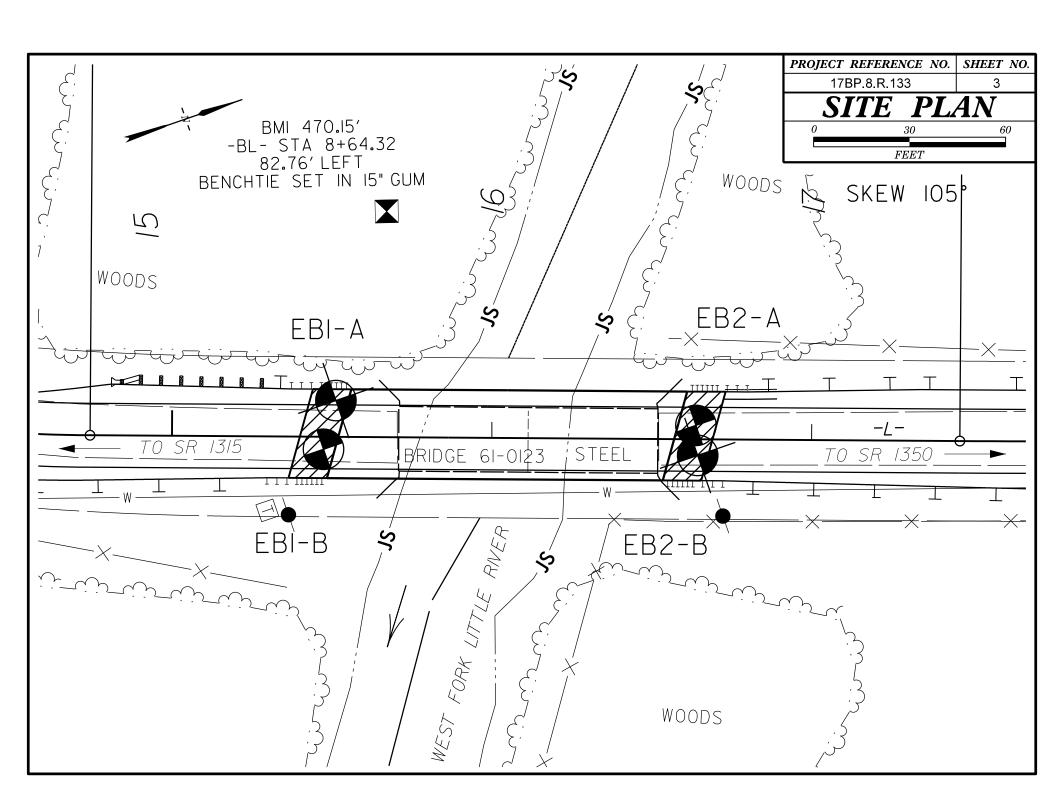
PROJECT REPERENCE NO. SHEET NO. 2C

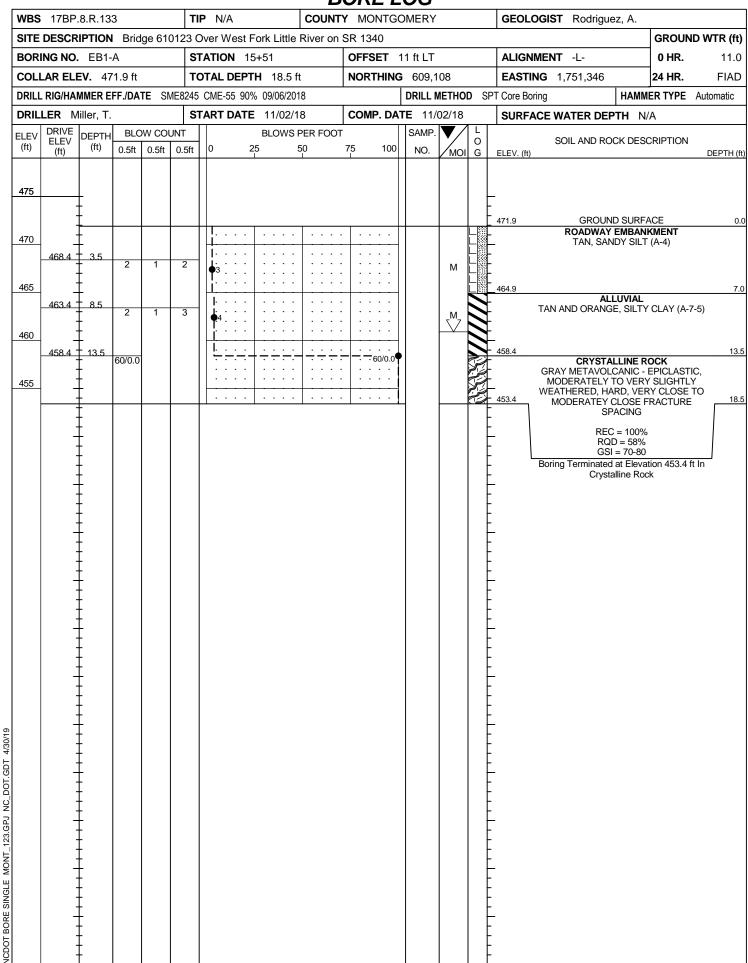
NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING UNIT

SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

SUPPLEMENTAL LEGEND, GEOLOGICAL STRENGTH INDEX (GSI) TABLES FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS (PAGE 2 OF 2)

| FROM AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN AASHTO LRFD Figure 10.4.6.4-2 — Determination of GSI for Tectonically Def | | | • | | * |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| GSI FOR HETEROGENEOUS ROCK MASSES SUCH AS FLYSCH (Marinos.P and Hoek E., 2000) | | | | | |
| From a description of the lithology, structure and surface conditions (particularly of the bedding planes), choose a box in the chart. Locate the position in the box that corresponds to the condition of the discontinuities and estimate the average value of GSI from the contours. Do not attempt to be too precise. Quoting a range from 33 to 37 is more realistic than giving GSI = 35. Note that the Hoek-Brown criterion does not apply to structurally controlled failures. Where unfavourably oriented continuous weak planar discontinuities are present, these will dominate the behaviour of the rock mass. The strength of some rock masses is reduced by the presence of groundwater and this can be allowed for by a slight shift to the right in the columns for fair, poor and very poor conditions. Water pressure does not change the value of GSI and it is dealt with by using effective stress analysis. | VERY GOOD - Very Rough, fresh unweathered surfaces | 600D - Rough, slightly weathered surfaces | FAIR - Smooth, moderately weathered and altered surfaces | POOR - Very smooth, occasionally slickensided surfaces with compact coatings or fillings with angular fragments | VERY POOR - Very smooth, slicken- sided or highly weathered surfaces with soft clay coatings or fillings |
| COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE | | | | / / | / / |
| A. Thick bedded, very blocky sandstone The effect of pelitic coatings on the bedding planes is minimized by the confinement of the rock mass. In shallow tunnels or slopes these bedding planes may cause structurally controlled instability. | 70 60 | A | | | |
| B. Sand- stone with thin inter- layers of siltstone amounts C. Sand- stone and siltstone or silty shale with sand- stone layers stone layers layers | | 50 B 40 | C [| P//E | |
| C.D.E. and G - may be more or less folded than illustrated but this does not change the strength. Tectonic deformation, faulting and loss of continuity moves these categories to F and H. | | | 30 | F 20 | |
| G. Undisturbed silty or clayey shale with or without a few very thin sandstone layers H. Tectonically deformed silty or clayey shale forming a chaotic structure with pockets of clay. Thin layers of sandstone are transformed into small rock pieces. | | | \$ | / | 10 |
| ───────────────────────────────────── | | | | | DATE: 8-19-16 |



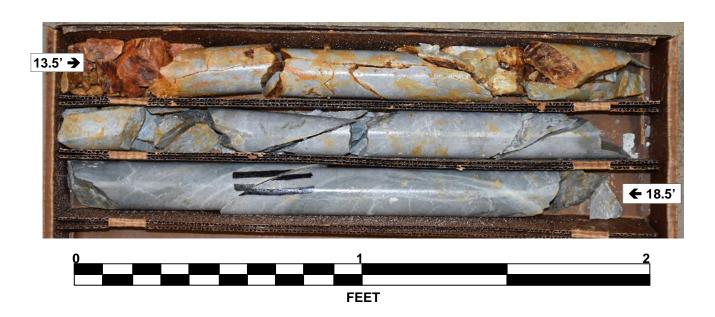


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|-------|-------------|----------------|---------------|--|---------------|------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|---|---|---------------|--------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------|------------|
| WBS | 17BP | .8.R.13 | 3 | | TIP | N/A | | С | OUNT | ΥΙ | //ONTG | OMERY | | GEOLOGIS | T Rodrigu | ez, A. | • | |
| SITE | DESCR | IPTION | I Bric | dge 61012 | 23 Ove | er Wes | t Fork Li | ttle Riv | er on | SR | 1340 | | | | | | GROUN | ID WTR (ft |
| BORI | NG NO. | EB1 | -A | | STA | ΓΙΟΝ | 15+51 | | | OFFSET 11 ft LT ALIGNMENT -L- | | | | 0 HR. 11.0 | | | | |
| COLL | AR ELI | EV . 47 | 71.9 ft | | тот | AL DEI | PTH 18 | 3.5 ft | | NORTHING 609,108 EASTING 1,751,346 | | | 24 HR. | FIAD | | | | |
| DRILL | RIG/HA | MMER E | FF./DA | TE SME | 3245 CM | ИЕ-55 9 | 0% 09/06 | 6/2018 | | DRILL METHOD SPT Core Boring HAMMER TYPE Auto | | | | Automatic | | | | |
| DRIL | LER M | liller, T. | | | STAI | RT DA | ΓΕ 11/0 |)2/18 | | CC | COMP. DATE 11/02/18 SURFACE WATER DEPTH N/A | | | | | | | |
| CORE | E SIZE | NQ | | | TOTA | AL RUI | 1 5.0 ft | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ELEV | RUN ELEV | DEPTH | | DRILL RATE | REC. | JN RQD | SAMP. | STR REC. | RATA RQD | L | | | וח | ESCRIPTION / | AND REMARK | (S | | |
| (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | (Min/ft) | (ft) % | JN RQD (ft) % | NO. | (ft) % | (ft) % | Ğ | ELEV. (| ft) | | LOCKII TION | AIND INLINAIN | | | DEPTH (|
| 458.4 | 458.4 - | 13.5 | | N. 60/0.0 | | | | (5.0) | (0.0) | () | - 450.4 | | | Begin Corin | g @ 13.5 ft | | | |
| | | 10.0 | 5.0 | N=60/0.0 2:15 1:30 2:00 1:15 2:00 | (5.0) 100% | (2.9) 58% | | (5.0) 100% | (2.9) 58% | | - 458.4 - | GRAY META | VOL | CANIC - EPICL | LINE ROCK LASTIC, MOD | ERATELY | TO VERY | / / |
| 455 | 453.4 | 18.5 | | 2:00 1:15 | | | | | | | - 453.4 | SLIGHTLY WEAT | IHEK | | ERY CLOSE I | O MODE | KATEY CL | .USE 18 |
| Ī | 400.4 | 10.5 | | 2.00 | | | | | | | - | 1 | | | = 70-80 | | | |
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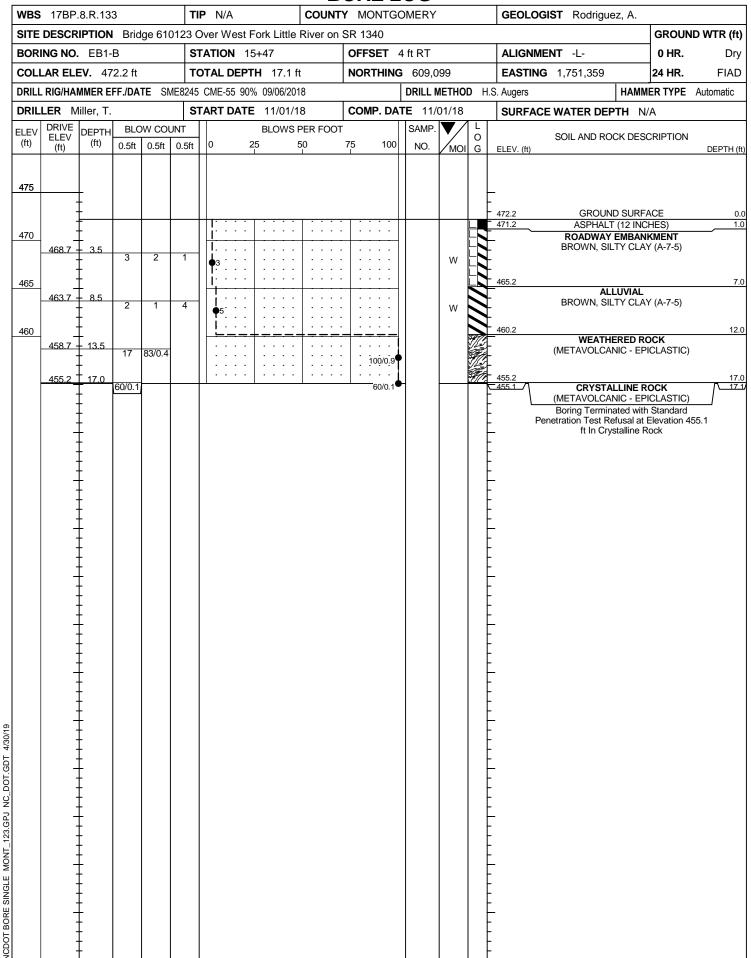


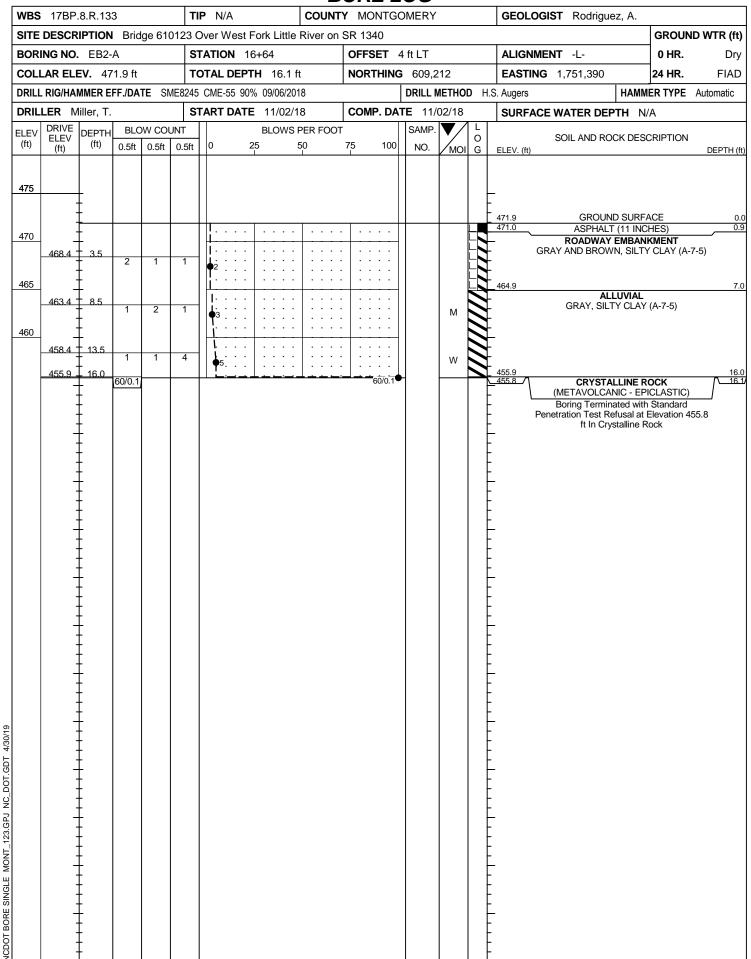
CORE PHOTOS

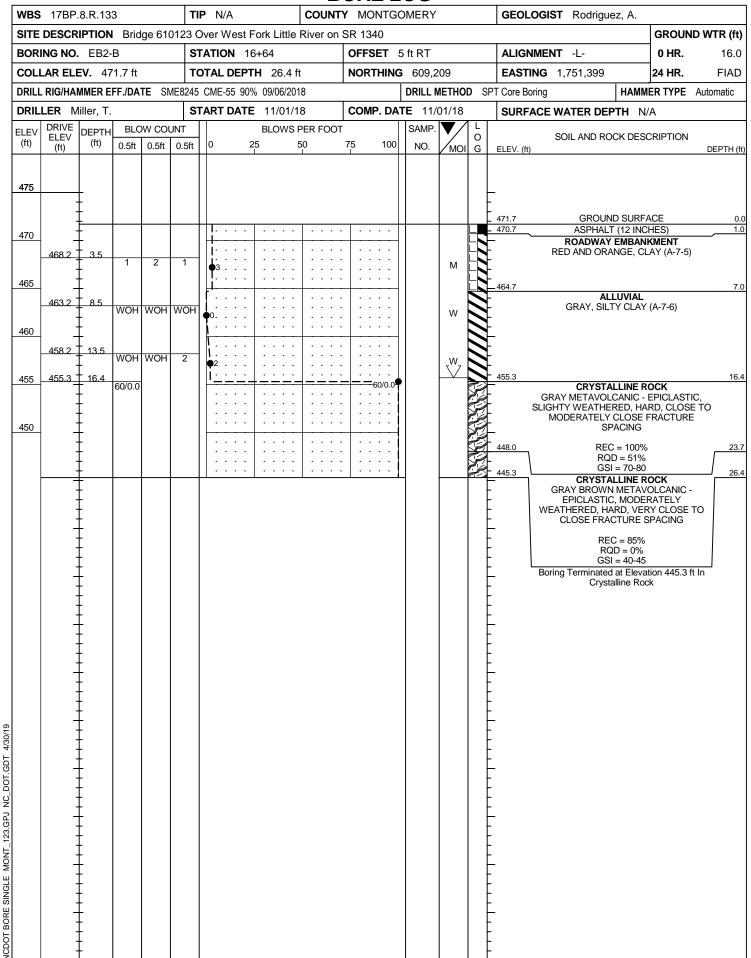
| WBS No: 17BP.8.R.133 | | County: Montgomery | Boring No.: EB1-A | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Site Description: Bridge | Site Description: Bridge 610123 on SR 1340 Over West Fork Little River | | | | | | | | | |
| Collar Elev.: 471.9 ft | Core Size: NQ | Equipment: CME-55 | Geologist: A. Rodriguez | | | | | | | |
| Elev. at T.D.: 453.4 ft | Total Depth: 18.5 ft | Total Run: 5.0 ft | Date: 11/02/2018 | | | | | | | |



Box 1 of 1; Top of Box @ 13.5 Feet; Bottom of Box @ 18.5 Feet





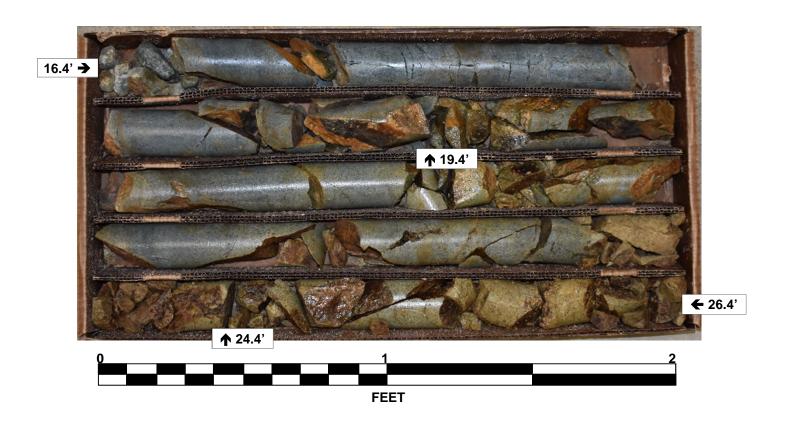


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| | 17BP. | | | | TIP | | | | | | NTGOMERY | ′ | GEOLOGIS | ST Rodrigu | ez, A. | 1 | | | | | | | |
| | | | | ge 61012 | | | t Fork Lit | tle Riv | er on | _ | | | | | | GROUND WTR (ft) | | | | | | | |
| | ING NO. | | | | | | 16+64 | | | + | SET 5 ft RT | | ALIGNMEN | 0 HR. | 16.0 | | | | | | | | |
| | AR ELE | | | | | | PTH 26. | | | NC | THING 609, | | EASTING | 24 HR. | FIAD | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | TE SME8 | | | 90% 09/06 | | | _ | | METHOD SPT | | | Automatic | | | | | | | | |
| | LER M | | | | | | TE 11/0 | | | cc | P. DATE 11 | /01/18 | SURFACE | /A | | | | | | | | | |
| | E SIZE RUN | | | DRILL | PI | INI | N 10.0 f | | ΔΤΔ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (ft) | ELEV (ft) | DEPTH (ft) | RUN (ft) | RATE (Min/ft) | REC. (ft) % | RQD (ft) % | SAMP. NO. | REC. (ft) % | ATA RQD (ft) % | O G | ELEV. (ft) | DI | ESCRIPTION | AND REMAR | KS | | DEPTH (| | | | | | |
| | 455.3 – 452.3 – | (ft) - 16.4 - 19.4 - 24.4 - 26.4 | | RATE (Min/ft) N=60/0.0 1:30 1:30 1:35 1:45 1:45 1:45 1:45 1:45 | | (1.7) | | (7.3) 100% | (3.7) | | 455.3 GRA\ 448.0 | | Begin Corir CRYSTAI NIC - EPICLAS ODERATELY GSI CRYSTAI METAVOLCAN D, VERY CLOS | ng @ 16.4 ft. LINE ROCK STIC, SLIGHTY CLOSE FRAC = 70-80 LINE ROCK IIC - EPICLAS' SE TO CLOSE = 40-45 | Y WEATH TURE SF TIC, MOE FRACTU | PACING DERATELY JRE SPAC | 16 RD, 23 | | | | | | |



CORE PHOTOS

| WBS No: 17BP.8.R.133 | | County: Montgomery | Boring No.: EB2-B | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Site Description: Bridge | Site Description: Bridge 610123 on SR 1340 Over West Fork Little River | | | | | | | | | |
| Collar Elev.: 471.7 ft | Core Size: NQ | Equipment: CME-55 | Geologist: A. Rodriguez | | | | | | | |
| Elev. at T.D.: 445.3 ft | Total Depth: 26.4 ft | Total Run: 10.0 ft | Date: 11/01/2018 | | | | | | | |



Box 1 of 1; Top of Box @ 16.4 Feet; Bottom of Box @ 26.4 Feet